

Memorandum

UTAH DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DATE: February 24, 1986

TO : P.K. Monson, P.E., District 3 Preconstruction Engineer

FROM : Heber Vlam, P.E., Engineer of Materials & Research *H.V.*

SUBJECT: I-70-1(23)36, South Richfield to North Richfield;
Collapsible Soil Study Near E.B. I-70 Stations
1935+00 to 1939+00 and 1965+00 to 1970+00

This office was requested by District No. 3 to assess the impact of impounding water in a proposed detention reservoir near Sta. 1967+00 E.B. I-70. The soils at this site were suspected of being collapsible, when severe cracking and differential subsidence developed after water was impounded in an area diked up adjacent to the Sevier Valley Canal by Richfield City during the summer of 1985. A collapsible soil is a soil that shows a sudden and dramatic volume decrease when saturated with water.

Six test holes were drilled near the site of the proposed detention reservoir and numerous soil samples were taken. These holes ranged from 25 feet to 52 feet deep and correlation between test holes is good. In general the subsoils may be described as follows: very loose to very dense silty sand with gravel and some sandy silt; also limestone bedrock was encountered in two of the test holes. See Fig. 1 - a & b, Log of Borings for more detailed descriptions and test hole locations.

Three test holes were also drilled at the site of some ground depressions or shallow "sink holes" near Sta. 1935+00 E.B. I-70, see Fig. 2, Log of Borings. These "sink holes" appear to be collapse structures caused by underlying collapsing soils. These three holes were each drilled to a depth of 31 feet. The principal subsoil encountered at this site was loose to medium sandy silt. See Fig. 2 Log of Borings.

Laboratory testing of samples taken reveals that there are collapsing soils at both sites. The soils that showed collapse generally ranged from 5 feet to 31 feet in depth.

Using laboratory test results we calculate that leakage from detention reservoirs could cause the nearby I-70 embankment to settle approximately 36 inches.

Even with leak resistant design these reservoirs could leak enough water to cause significant damage to the I-70 embankments and surfacing. We therefore recommend against putting any water retaining earth structures within 500 feet of any embankment.

Flooding this area prior to construction in order to stabilize these soils is not recommended. We feel that extensive damage to and possible contamination of the Richfield City culinary water supply would occur if this area was thoroughly flooded.

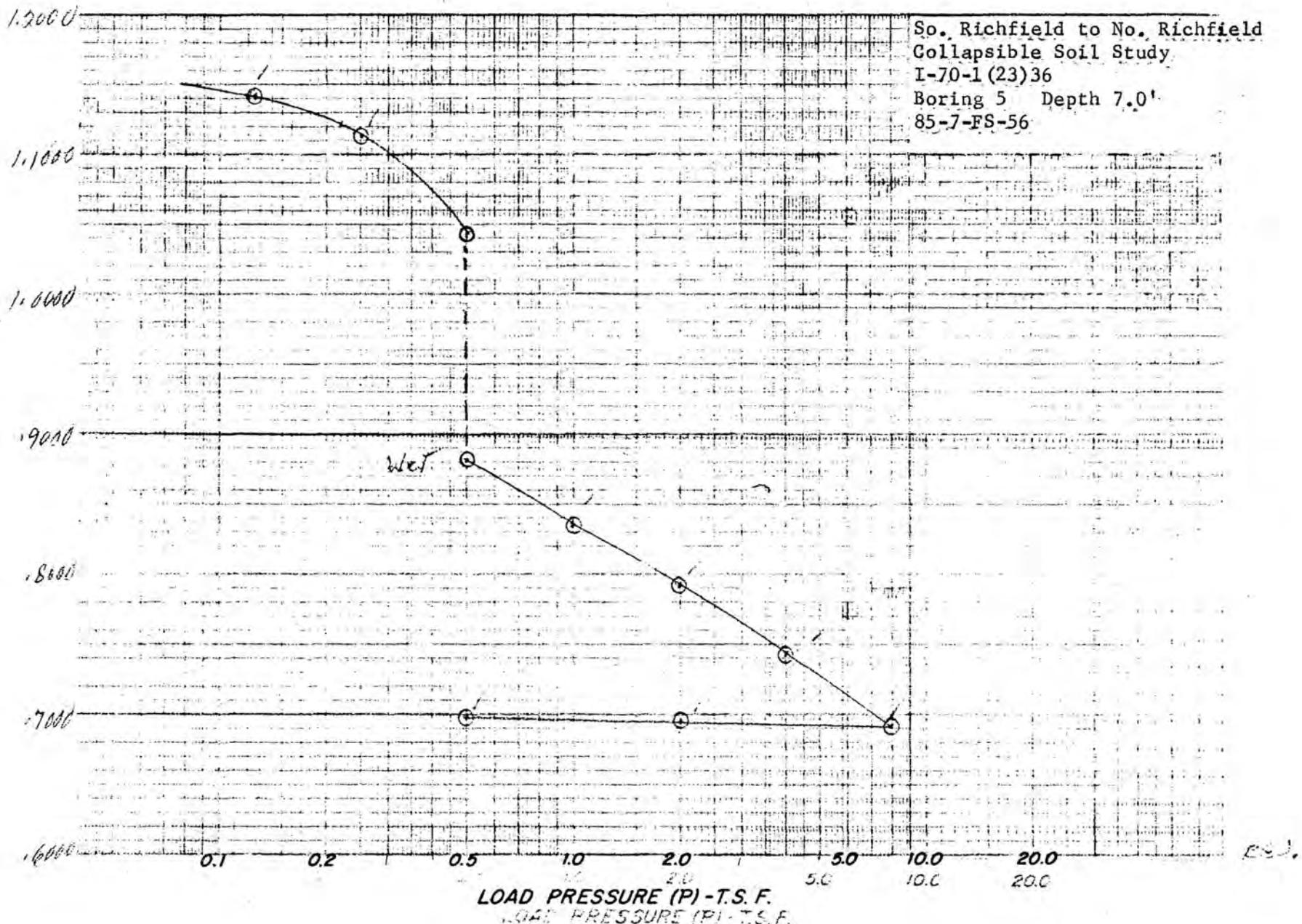
Field reconnaissance of this project suggest that collapsible soils will likely be encountered along all of the foothills west of Richfield. We recommend that care be taken to ensure good positive surface drainage on this entire project. Any area where water is allowed to pond will be subject to soil collapse and the subsequent formation of collapse structures such as sink holes.

Attachments
PSizemore/cak

Note - There were no attachments accompanying this memo, however, file was full of raw data. Copied 2 consol. test graphs showing collapsible soils. Attached herein. ✓

Found soil boring logs.

VOID RATIO (e)



16/1

SO. Richfield to No. Richfield
Collapsible Soil Study
I-70-I(23)36
Boring 4 Depth 16.0'
85-7-FS-56

VOID RATIO (e)

11000

11000

9000

8000

7000

6000

0.00

0.1

0.2

0.5

1.0

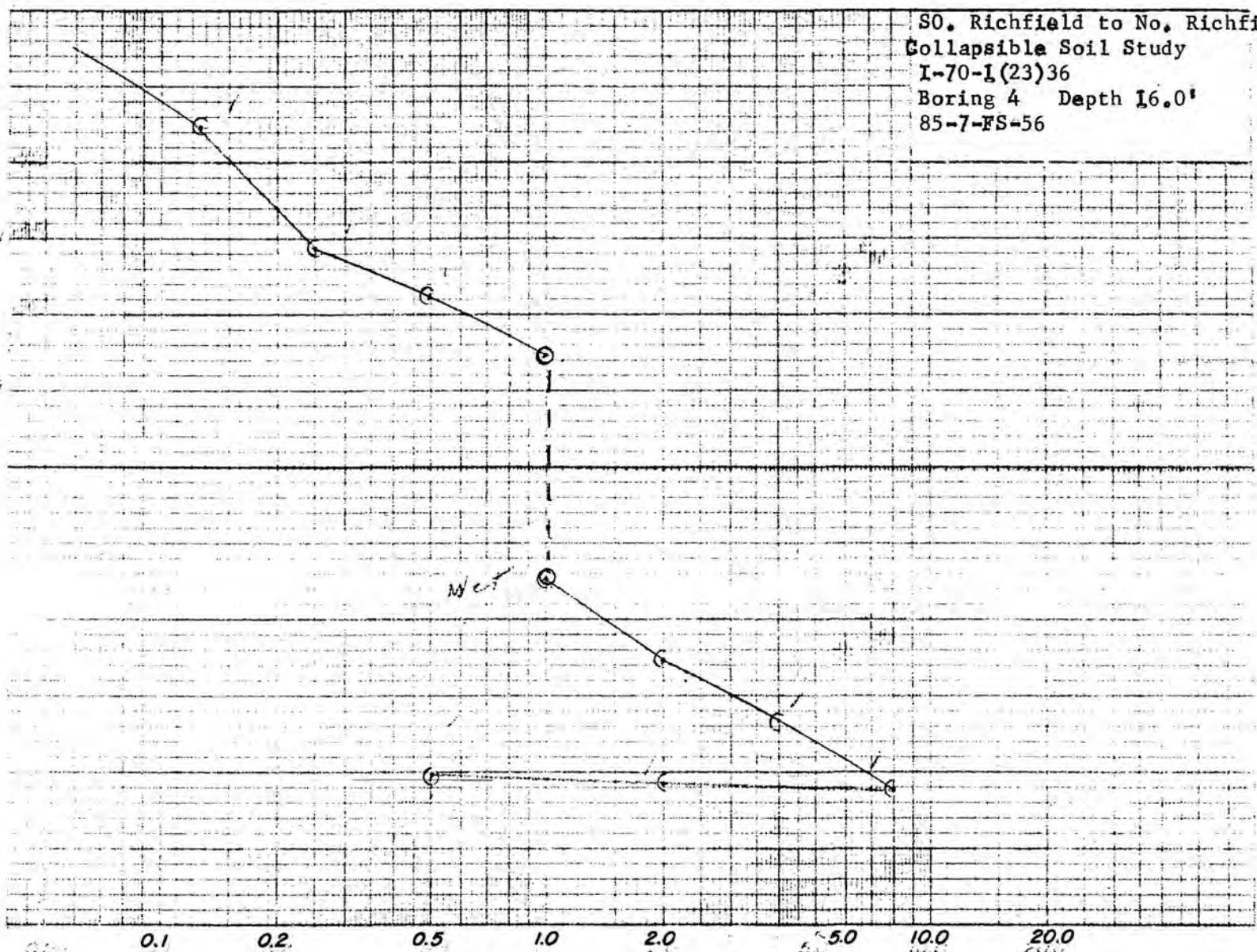
2.0

5.0

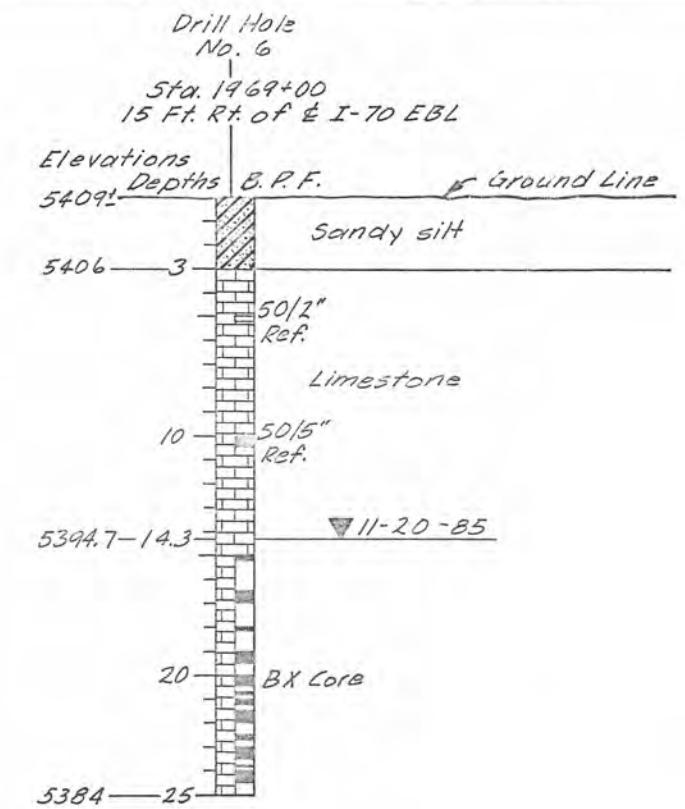
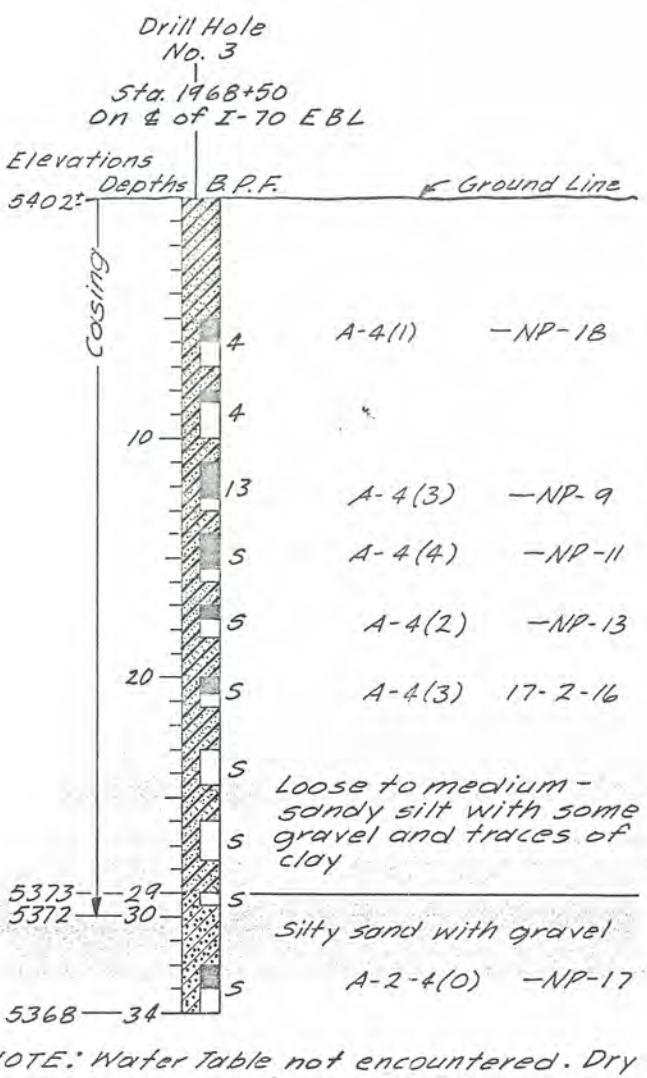
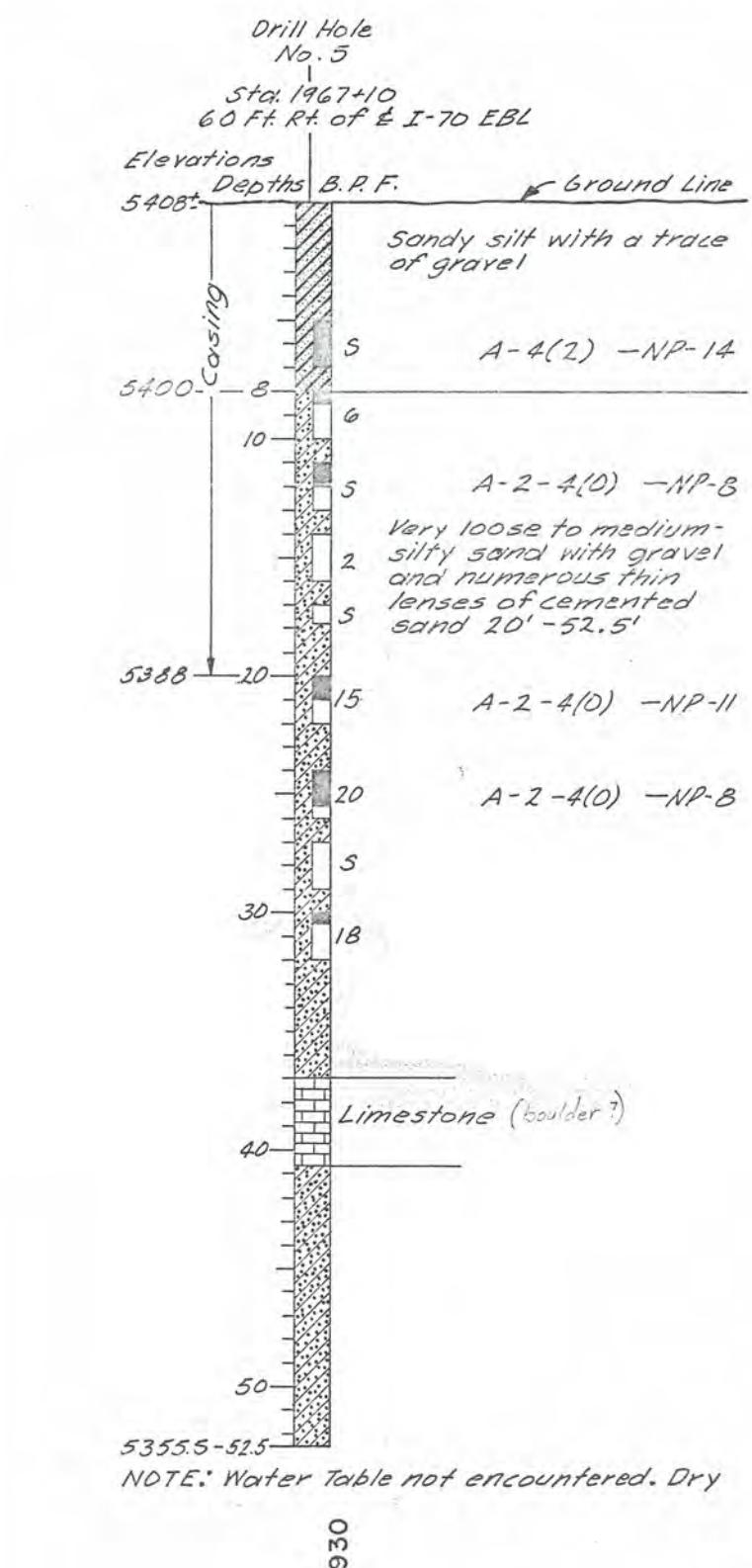
10.0

20.0

LOAD PRESSURE (P) - T.S.F.



PL-1



KEY TO DRILLING LOG
RELATIVE DENSITY (NON-PLASTIC SAND & SILT)
VERY LOOSE - LESS THAN 4 BLOWS PER FOOT.
LOOSE - 4 TO 10 BLOWS PER FOOT.
MEDIUM - 10 TO 30 BLOWS PER FOOT.
DENSE - 30 TO 50 BLOWS PER FOOT.
VERY DENSE - MORE THAN 50 BLOWS PER FOOT.

CONSISTENCY (PLASTIC-SILT & CLAY)
VERY SOFT - LESS THAN 2 BLOWS PER FOOT.
SOFT - 2 TO 4 BLOWS PER FOOT.
MEDIUM - 4 TO 8 BLOWS PER FOOT.
STIFF - 8 TO 15 BLOWS PER FOOT.
VERY STIFF 15 TO 30 BLOWS PER FOOT.
HARD - MORE THAN 30 BLOWS PER FOOT.

TOPSOIL OR FILL	IGNEOUS
GRAVEL	LIMESTONE
SAND	CONGLOMERATE
SILT	DOLOMITE
CLAY	CLAY
SHALE	SANDSTONE
	SILTY SAND
	SILTSTONE

DRILL HOLE NO	STATION	ELEVATIONS	B.P.F.
	0+00 E OR LT OR RT IN FT. OFFSET.		
	GROUND ELEVATION	DEPTHS	GROUND LINE
	4555	5'	EXAMPLE: 50'-51' SILT, 30'-31' FINE SAND
	4552	5'	AASHTO LL-PI-W A-6(9) 37-14-30
	4552	5'	DATE
	4546	15'	S - THIN WALL SHELBY TUBE, UNDISTURBED SAMPLER USED.
	4546	10'	R - SPLIT BARREL UNDISTURBED SAMPLER WITH LINER RINGS OR CALIFORNIA TYPE SAMPLER
	4546	16'	25'
	4531	30'	REASON NOT RECOVERED
	4531	30'	NO. OF BLOWS OF A 140 LB HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO DRIVE A STD. 1 1/8" ID, 2" O.D SAMPLE TUBE 1 FT.

ABBREVIATIONS	
L.L.	LIQUID LIMIT IN %
P.I.	PLASTIC INDEX
N.	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT IN %
R.F.	REFUSAL ≥ 50 BLOWS FOR 6"
PEN.	PENETRATION
G.W.T.	GROUND WATER TABLE
B.P.F.	BLOWS PER FOOT
N.P.	NON PLASTIC
AASHTO	SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

UTAH STATE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH
MATERIALS and RESEARCH SECTION
SOUTH RICHFIELD TO NORTH RICHFIELD
SOIL INVESTIGATION

Drawn by KISFLEY	Checked by...	I-70-1(23)36 Project Number
Checked by P. SZEMERE	Checked by...	1930 TO 1970 Edition
Made by M. Bashe	Checked by...	REVISIONS
RECD. BY: LORAN H. RAUCHEN	Check Structure Engt.	SEVIER County
Date:	Date:	File No. 85-7-FS-56
NO.	BY	REVISIONS

KEY TO DRILLING LOG

RELATIVE DENSITY(NON-PLASTIC SAND & SILT)

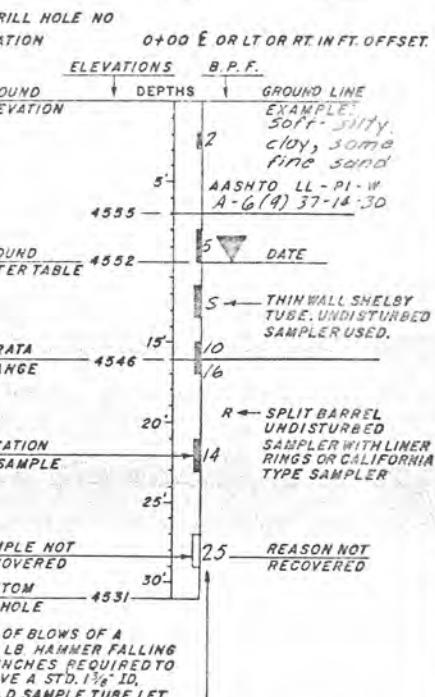
- VERY LOOSE - LESS THAN 4 BLOWS PER FOOT.
- LOOSE - 4 TO 10 BLOWS PER FOOT.
- MEDIUM - 10 TO 30 BLOWS PER FOOT.
- DENSE - 30 TO 50 BLOWS PER FOOT.
- VERY DENSE - MORE THAN 50 BLOWS PER FOOT.

CONSISTENCY (PLASTIC-SILT & CLAY)

- VERY SOFT - LESS THAN 2 BLOWS PER FOOT.
- SOFT - 2 TO 4 BLOWS PER FOOT.
- MEDIUM - 4 TO 8 BLOWS PER FOOT.
- STIFF - 8 TO 15 BLOWS PER FOOT.
- VERY STIFF 15 TO 30 BLOWS PER FOOT.
- HARD - MORE THAN 30 BLOWS PER FOOT.

TOPSOIL OR FILL	IGNEOUS
GRAVEL	LIMESTONE
SAND	CONGLOMERATE
SILT	OCOLOMITE
CLAY	SANDSTONE
SHALE	SILTSTONE

SANDY CLAY
LIMESTONE
CONGLOMERATE
OCOLOMITE
SANDSTONE
SILTSTONE



ABBREVIATIONS

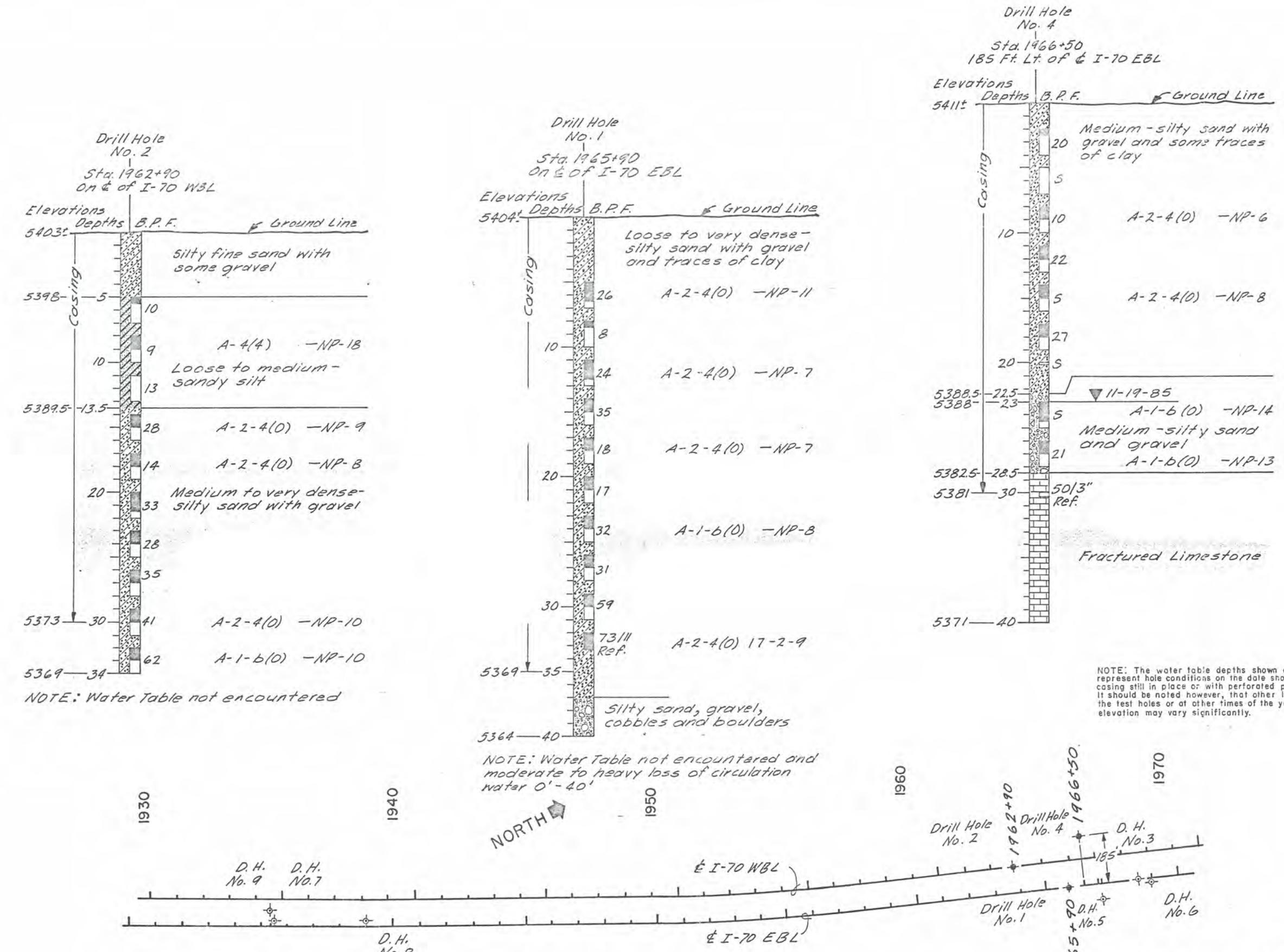
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- AASHTO - SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

UTAH STATE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH

MATERIALS and RESEARCH SECTION

SOUTH RICHFIELD TO NORTH RICHFIELD
SOIL INVESTIGATION

Drawn By R. P. Stettler	Checked By	I-70-(123)36
Checked By P. Sizemore	Revised By	Proj. No. Number
Checked By M. Basha	Checked By	1930 To 1970
Reviewed By American E. Loren H. Rausher	Reviewed By	Station
Permit No. Date	Permit Structure End	SEVIER
NO BY DATE	REVISIONS	County
85-7-FS-56	Fig. No.	01



KEY TO DRILLING LOG
RELATIVE DENSITY(NON-PLASTIC SAND+SILT)
VERY LOOSE - LESS THAN 4 BLOWS PER FOOT.
LOOSE - 4 TO 10 BLOWS PER FOOT.
MED. UN - 10 TO 30 BLOWS PER FOOT.
DENSE - 30 TO 50 BLOWS PER FOOT.
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TOPSOIL OR FILL	IGNEOUS	SANDY
GRAVEL	LIMESTONE	CLAY
SAND	CONGLOMERATE	SILTY
SILT	DOLOMITE	CLAY
CLAY	SANDSTONE	SILTY
SHALE	SILTSTONE	SANDY

DRILL HOLE NO	STATION	ELEVATIONS	B.P.F.	DEPTHS	GROUND LINE
	0+00 E OR LT OR RT IN FT. OFFSET.				
	GROUND ELEVATION	+ DEPTHS	B.P.F.	GROUND LINE	
					EXAMPLE: SOFT + SILEY CLAY, SOME FINE SAND
					AASHTO LL - PI - W A-6(9) 37-18-30
	GROUND WATER TABLE	4555	5'		DATE
					S - THIN WALL SHELBY TUBE, UNDISTURBED SAMPLER USED.
	STRATA CHANGE	4546	15'		R - SPLIT BARREL UNDISTURBED SAMPLER WITH LINER RINGS OR CALIFORNIA TYPE SAMPLER
	LOCATION OF SAMPLE	16	10'		
		14	20'		
		13	25'		
	SAMPLE NOT RECOVERED	12	30'		REASON NOT RECOVERED
	BOTTOM OF HOLE	4531			
					NO. OF BLOWS OF A 140 LB HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO DRIVE A STD. 1 1/2" ID, 2" O.D SAMPLE TUBE 1 FT.

NOTE: The water table depths shown on the drill logs represent hole conditions on the date shown, either with casing still in place or with perforated plastic pipe installed. It should be noted however, that other locations away from the test holes or at other times of the year the water table elevation may vary significantly.

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P.I. - PLASTIC INDEX

N.M. - NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT %

Ref. - REFUSAL ≥ 50 BLOWS PER 6"

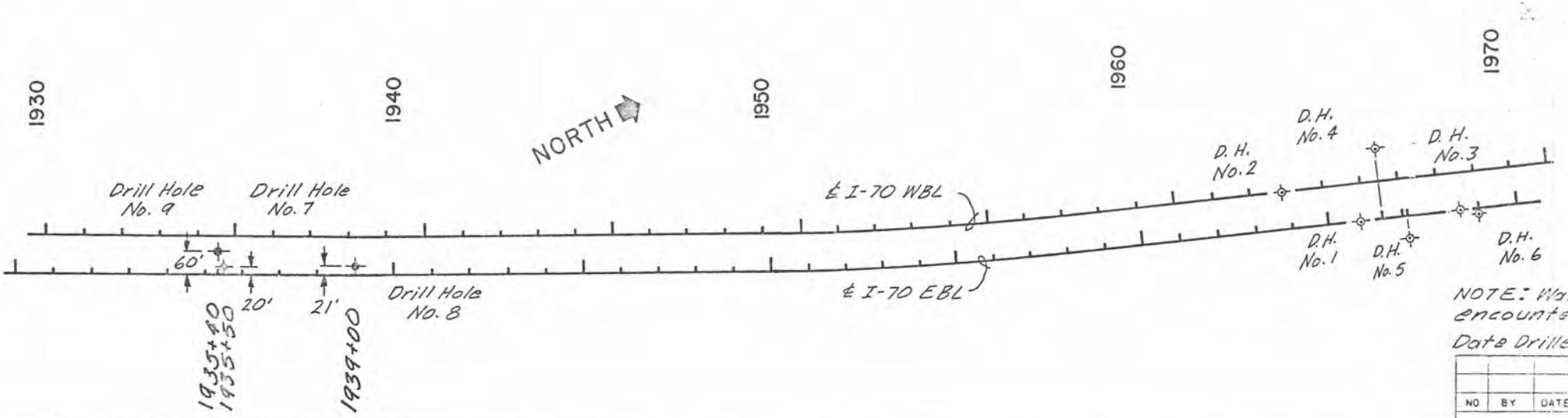
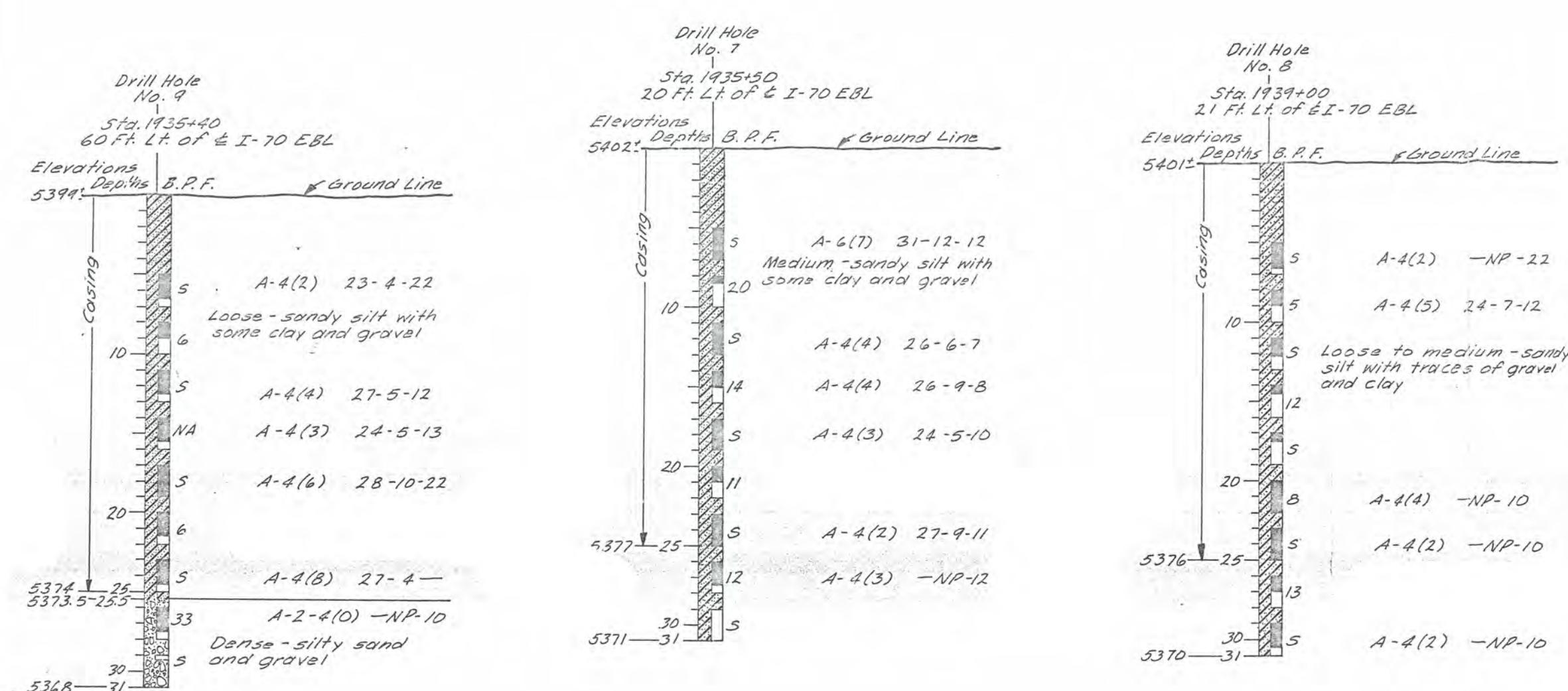
Pen. - PENETRATION

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UTAH STATE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH MATERIALS and RESEARCH SECTION			
SOUTH RICHFIELD TO NORTH RICHFIELD SOIL INVESTIGATION			
Checked by: K. RISPIER	Checked by: _____	1-70-1(K23)36	Project Number
Checked by: P. STEMMER	Checked by: _____	1930 To 1970	Completion
Checked by: M. BOSSNA	Checked by: _____	SEVIER	County
Approved by: L. Rausch	Approved by: _____	SEVIER	County
Approved by: L. Rausch	Approved by: _____	SEVIER	County
Date: Nov 1985	Date: Nov 1985	85-7-FS-56	File No. 01
NO	BY	DATE	REVISIONS